



# **Gori 2-Blade Saildrive Installation Instructions**

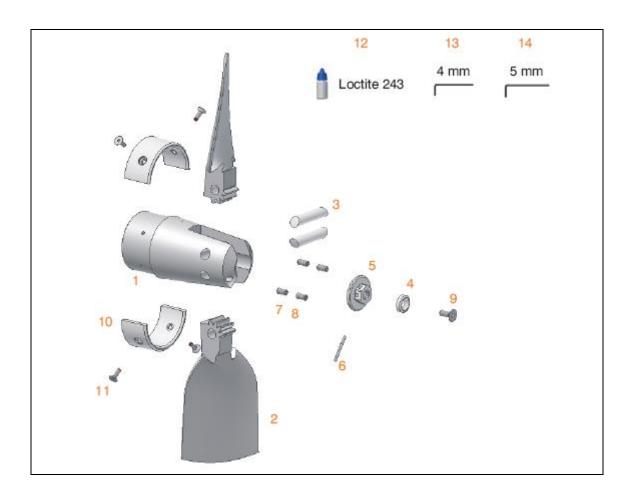
## **Table of Contents**

Gori 2-Blade Saildrive Installation Instructions	
Parts List	
Schematic Drawings	2
Saildrive Nut Socket Sizes	2
Torque Settings	2
Installing the Propeller	3
Removing the Propeller	5
Replacing the Collar Zinc	5
Removing the blades from the Blade Housing	
Operating Instructions	
Ahead	7
Astern	
Sailing	7
Cleaning and Maintenance	8
Annual Maintenance	8
Underwater Installation	

### **Parts List**

1	Hub	1 x each		
2	Blades	2 x each		
3	Pins	2 x each		
4	Washer	1 x each		
5	Shaft nut	1 x each		
6	Split pin	1 x each not used on all installations		
7	Allen screws	2 x each		
8	Allen screws	2 x each		
9	Locking bolt	1 x each		
10	Collar zinc	1 x each 2 x halves		
11	Zinc screws	4 x each		
12	Loctite 243	1 x bottle		
13	Allen key	4mm		
14	Allen key	5mm		

# **Schematic Drawings**



## **Saildrive Nut Socket Sizes**

2-Blade ~ Saildrive	11.5" to 12.5" diameter for Bukh DV-8	22 mm socket
	SME and DV-10 LSME	
2-Blade ~ Saildrive	11.5" to 12.5" diameter for Volvo Penta	19 mm socket
	MB2A with 50S saildrive	
2-Blade ~ Saildrive	13" to 18" diameter	24 mm socket

# **Torque Settings**

Saildrive Model	Fastener Type	Fastener Size	Torque
Yanmar SD20/25, 30/31,	Saildrive Nut	M16 X 2.0	45 ft/lb (60Nm)
Volvo, Lombardini, Beta,			
Nanni, Technodrive SP60			
Yanmar SD40/50/60	Saildrive Nut	M20 x 2.0	72 ft/lb (88-
			98Nm)
[AII]	Nut Locking Bolt	M8	9-10 ft/lb
			(15NM)

Email: <u>Sales@AB-Marine.com</u> • Website: www.AB-Marine.com

# **Installing the Propeller**

The propeller is delivered assembled. This ensures that at the factory the propeller has been checked and balanced before shipping.

- 1. Take the propeller apart Remove the two (7&8) M8 Allen screws per blade pin. Push blade pins (3) out with a wooden dowl to not damage the pin end. The blades, pins and hub are all marked (#1 & #2) so as to re-assemble in the correct balanced location. Note: here are two (2) Allen screws per blade pin.
- 2. Ensure that the Saildrive spacer supplied with the saildrive unit is in place at the forward end of the output shaft. The forward face of the saildrive propeller hub presses against this saildrive spacer to keep the retaining cap/blade housing clear of the saildrive leg zinc.
- 3. Lightly smear spline grooves and shaft with waterproof lithium anti-corrosion lubricant as specified by saildrive manufacturer.
- 4. Slide the hub (1) onto the shaft spline. Check that the supplied shaft nut (5), threads on to the end of the output shaft
- 5. Apply locking glue (Loctite 243) to the shaft and nut threads and install the GORI supplied nut (5) and tighten/torque (see above torque settings) the nut. To tighten the nut to the specified torque for your saildrive model, move the shift lever to Ahead and hold the crankshaft V-Pulley clamp nut with a wrench to stop the propeller shaft from rotating. Put a dab on the shaft thread after the nut is torqued in place. This is required by Loctite. See above socket sizes.

The supplied Loctite 243 locking glue is "Blue" and is for disassemble of parts with hand tools. Loctite "Red" is permanent and requires heat to undo (450°F for 5 minutes). Applying locking glue correctly is important. The surfaces must be clean and degreased. Glue needs to be put in the hole as well as threads for blind holes such as with the Locking bolt.

It is very important to always use the Gori supplied propeller nut for the installation. An incorrect nut can lead to loss of the propeller, part of the propeller or cause an electrical connection between the propeller and the saildrive.

- 6. Install the two (2) nut locking M6x6 setscrews into the two threaded holes in the nut aft face (supplied in parts bag) with Loctite applied to threads. Tighten using 3mm Allen wrench. On older nut versions setscrew holes may not be present.
- 7. Smear Loctite 243 on the thread of the nut-locking bolt (9). Place the washer (4) into the shaft nut and then screw in the nut-locking bolt (9) using a 5mm Allen key (19). Tighten Locking Bolt to 9-10 ft/lbs(15NM) of torque.
- 8. On older saildrive models there may be a hole drilled through the shaft thread at the end of the shaft. If so tighten the nut to required torque and then align the shaft tit end hole with the closest hole on the shaft nut (5) and insert the cotter pin (6) and bend over.

  On newer GORI models (2020+) the shaft nut has two(2) M4 locking setscrews threaded into the encapsulated washer part of the nut. Apply Locking glue to the two(2) set screws & tighten them into the aft face of the prop hub as a double locking method for securing the nut.

[Gori 2-Blade Saildrive Propeller Installation and Maintenance Instructions, 6/21/2022]

- 9. Mount the blades (2) and the pins (3) to the hub. Be sure that you mount them in accordance to their numbers, i.e. #1 and #2 positions. Lightly grease the moving parts of the blades -gears- with water resistant grease after cleaning and repair.
- 10. Apply Loctite-243 on the threads of the Four(4) M8 Allen screws (7&8) & Install into aft end of hub forks screwing them in until they tighten against the blade pin. Total four (4) two (2) per blade pin. The second screw is a locking screw. Tighten both in place using supplied Allen Wrench. On 16.5-18" dia. the longer setscrew goes in first, the short one on top.
- 11. Check that the blades will move freely from open to closed.

Your Gori is water lubricated. At hauling, after cleaning, & before storage, put a light smear of a waterproof grease over the blade teeth, blade cheeks and hub fork housing contact points. This will allow you to check blade operation and stop oxidization of the metal when out of the water.

# **Removing the Propeller**

## Do not use oil or any petroleum product on Flexible Bushing!

- 1. Remove the two (7&8) M8 Allen screws per blade pin. There are two (2) Allen screws per blade pin, a total of four(4). Push the two blade pin (3) out using a wooden dowl note blades, pins and hub are numbered for re-assembly.
- 2. Unscrew the nut-locking bolt (4.1) with the washer (4) using a 5mm Allen key (19). Older models may have a cotter pin which needs to be removed.
- 3. Unscrew the two (2) M5 Locking setscrews in the face of the integrated nut washer. Note: this is on 2020+ models.
- 4. Unscrew the shaft nut (5) counterclockwise using required socket (See above). It may be necessary to lock the output shaft when undoing the shaft nut. To do this either put the engine into reverse or use a strap wrench to hold the inner hub (1).
- 5. Pull/slide the hub (1), off the output shaft spline. Ensure that the Saildrive spacer supplied with the saildrive unit is in place at the forward end of the output shaft.

# Replacing the Collar Zinc

This should be done if more than 50% of the zinc (17), has been eroded away.

- 1. Remove the 4 x Allen-head bolts (11) and remove the old zinc.
- 2. Clean the surface of the propeller hub to ensure a good clean contact between the hub and the new zinc
- 3. Install the new zinc (10) using the Loctite 243 (supplied) on each of the 4 x Allen-head bolts

# Removing the blades from the Blade Housing

This must only be done when cleaning and full service of the propeller is required. Blades are not removed for the installation and removal of the propeller.

## To remove blades - the center Fixing Bolt "MUST" be removed first!

- 1. Remove the zinc centre bolt (8) and the zinc anode (7), using a 5mm Allen key (19).
- 2. On propellers 18.0" diameter and larger it will also be necessary to: Remove the threaded pin (9) using a 6mm Allen key (20), then Remove the fixing bolt (10) using a 5mm Allen key (19).

# Failure to remove all these pins (8-9-10) first, will result in damage to the internal threads of the blade pins (11) & blade housing.

- 3. Disassemble the blade pins (11 & 11.1) from the blade housing using a 6mm Allen key (20). Note that blades, pins and the housing are matched and numbered. They should only be reassembled in the correct location ... that is #1 #2 #3.
- 4. Remove the blades.
- 5. Remove the gear-wheel (13) and the spacer (14).
- 6. Remove the flexible stops (15) using either a flat blade screw driver or pliers.
- 7. When re-mounting the blades and gears to the housing it is important to apply Loctite 243 to blade pins & lock bolts (11 +11.1), fixing lock pin (10), threaded pin (9), zinc bolt (8).
- 8. The lock bolt (10), fixing bolt (8) and aft zinc bolt (8) are the very last items to be reassembled. Item 9 & 10 on 18-20" dia. only. Item 8 in place of 9 & 10 on 15"-16.5" dia.
- 9. Be sure that all components fit back together and that the blade pins (11) are located as before removal, as they are indexed inside the hub to lock bolts (10 +8).

### Note:

- If more than 50% of either of the zincs (7-17) has been eroded away they should be replaced.
- If the gear wheel (13) has been damaged or worn...it should be replaced
- If the flexible stops (15) have been damaged or worn...they must be replaced.
- Apply a "lite" smearing of a lithium based waterproof grease to all blade, hub fork & gear teeth contact surfaces at haul out to stop oxidizing & just prior to launch.

# **Operating Instructions**

### **Ahead**

The propeller will operate in the standard forward setting when the blades open, due to the centrifugal force of the shaft when in gear.

#### Astern

If the boat has not been used for sometime, it is wise to shift cautiously between forward and reverse a few times before going out sailing in order to clean the teeth of the blades and the gears from further fouling.

\*Gori Propeller disclaims responsibility for any damage caused by overloading the engine. In case of doubt about engine loading, contact the authorized engine service agent and Gori Propeller.

## Sailing

When sailing, the blades will fold and the shaft will not spin, giving you less drag and more speed. When starting to sail, to fold the Gori blades immediately, go into reverse for a brief second, then back to neutral. This stops the shaft immediately and the blades will fold and align with least resistance. Turn off the engine. With mechanical transmissions you can put the shift lever into reverse – see your engine manufacturer's instructions. Hydraulic transmissions will not rotate when under sail with the Gori propeller.

### **WARNING!!!**

- Do not start the engine while the boat is out of the water
- The prop may have sharp edges... be careful not to cut yourself
- Make sure the blades do not open or close suddenly and trap your fingers
- Stop the engine before diving or swimming in the vicinity of the boat
- Propeller blades can cause considerable damage when rotating ... be careful
- Do not remove fish nets, rope or similar from the propeller with the engine running
- Check that the propeller works in both forward and reverse before each trip.
- If any strange sounds or vibrations are noticed coming from the propeller stop the engine and investigate the reasons/solve the problem.
- In case of problems in connection with the mounting, use or other function of the propeller, contact Gori Propeller or the local agent/importer.

# **Cleaning and Maintenance**

### **Annual Maintenance**

1. Clean your propeller with an acid cleaner such as Barnacle Buster – per MSDS, use 85% phosphoric acid with concentration of 5%-20%. When pressurewashing, using Scotchbrite, wire brush/wheel, bead blaster or 120 grit paper, be mindful of, i.e., do not "attack", the blade edges.

Propeller blades "work" with attached water flow - 1mm of growth on a blade causes loss of approximately 12% of its efficiency - so keep the blades clean.

- 2. Remove any growth on the blade gear teeth.
- 3. Smear with your finger a light coating of a Lithium based waterproof grease on the teeth/forks/blade root the contact faces and moving parts. This stops surface oxidizing over the winter and ensures smooth operation.
- 4. If you have disassembled your GORI make sure that the Jacket/Blade assembly threads are greased so that any calcium build up is negated in the thread.
- 5. Change the anodes at 55% wastage, i.e. 45% is remaining (Saildrive)
- 6. Paint with hard anti-foiling paint, ablative antifouling and a silicon based epoxy (i.e. PropSpeed), zinc spray or any other product that says it negates/stops growth (Lanolin etc) can be used.
- 7. Ensure that the coating is smooth and does not impair the operation of the blades (gear teeth, bearings, seals etc).

### **Underwater Installation**

Underwater installation is NOT recommended, but can be accomplished by a skilled diver and appropriate tools and underwater fastener adhesives

<u>Loctite 248</u> is a medium strength Threadlocker Stick that is sold to be used under water. Apply the 248 to clean dry threads out of the water and make sure the wax based product is thoroughly pushed into all of the threads (no air gaps) before taking the fastener below the water. It takes 24hrs for full cure after installation. Loctite 248 blue stick can be purchased from Fastenal <a href="http://www.fastenal.com/web/locations.ex">http://www.fastenal.com/web/locations.ex</a>

<u>Vibra-Tite VC-3</u> is an automotive product that can be used under water. Apply to the fastener threads, let dry for 10-30 minutes and install below water. VC-3 is available from most auto parts stores - we have the VC-3 in stock (used with our Shaft Shark line cutter) and can ship the same day as your order.

Do Not Use regular thread locking glue not intended for use underwater – attempts to apply it under water will ultimately fail/wash off

Bondchem WT03 Thread Locker liquid glue, supplied by Gori, and Loctite Blue 242 liquid (or Red) cannot be used under water - they cure anaerobically and must be applied to a clean dry surface as per their instructions.